



## HUMAN BODY

Bicycling and Calories

Problem Set Solutions

### Problem 1: Sweating

If you go bicycling on a hot summer day, the surrounding air cannot cool you efficiently so you need to sweat to maintain your body temperature. A typical 70 kg person's body produces energy at a rate of approximately 500 W during bicycling, 80% of which is converted into heat (100 W basic metabolism + 75% of remaining 400W = 400W). What is the volume of water (sweat) the body has to generate to get rid of the excess heat during one hour of bicycling?

### Problem 1: Sweating

The energy absorbed or released during vaporization ( $Q$ ) is defined to be

$$Q = Lm$$

where  $L$  is the latent heat of the substance and  $m$  is the mass of the substance.

In one hour, the energy produced by the biker is

$$Q = (400 \text{ W}) (60 \text{ min}) \left( \frac{60 \text{ s}}{1 \text{ min}} \right) = 1.4 \times 10^6 \text{ J}$$

The latent heat of water (sweat) is  $2.3 \times 10^6 \text{ J/kg}$ .

Rearranging the equation we know that

$$m = \frac{Q}{L}$$

So,

$$m = \frac{1.4 \times 10^6 \text{ J}}{2.3 \times 10^6 \text{ J/kg}} = 0.6 \text{ kg}$$

And since we know the density of water is  $\sim 1 \text{ kg/L}$ , the biker's body has to generate 600 ml of water (sweat) to cool the biker down. This is almost 2½ cups! This is also the amount that the biker needs to drink to replace the lost fluid.

## Problem 2: Running Speeds

After spending the holiday with your family, you have put on a bit of weight. You decide to go running and do a 6.0 km long run on flat terrain. You are wondering whether you should run the distance at a fast or a moderate pace to burn more calories. You go online and read that a 59 kg person burns 590 kcal running at 9.7 km/h for an hour and 797 kcal running at 12.9 km/h for an hour. Should you run the 6.0 km at a fast (12.9 km/h) or a moderate (9.7 km/h) pace to burn more calories? Explain your reasoning and show all your work.

## Problem 2 Solution: Running Speeds

What we know:

$$d = 6000 \text{ m}$$

$$m = 59 \text{ kg}$$

$$t = 3600 \text{ s}$$

$$v_m = 9.7 \text{ km/h} = 2.69 \text{ m/s}$$

$$kcal_m = 590 \text{ kcal}$$

$$v_f = 12.9 \text{ km/h} = 3.58 \text{ m/s}$$

$$kcal_f = 797 \text{ kcal}$$

At a moderate pace:

$$t = \frac{d}{v} = \frac{6000 \text{ m}}{2.69 \text{ m/s}} = 2230 \text{ s}$$

$$\text{calories} : \left(\frac{590 \text{ kcal}}{1 \text{ h}}\right)\left(\frac{1 \text{ h}}{3600 \text{ s}}\right)2230 \text{ s} = 365 \text{ kcal}$$

At a fast pace:

$$t = \frac{d}{v} = \frac{6000 \text{ m}}{3.58 \text{ m/s}} = 1676 \text{ s}$$

$$\text{calories} : \left(\frac{797 \text{ kcal}}{1 \text{ h}}\right)\left(\frac{1 \text{ h}}{3600 \text{ s}}\right)1676 \text{ s} = 371 \text{ kcal}$$

At either pace you burn practically the same number of calories so you can run at a slower pace, it will just take a bit longer.

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